SI A&P - Full Discipline Demo - Fetal Pig

Joints

Final Report - Answer Guide

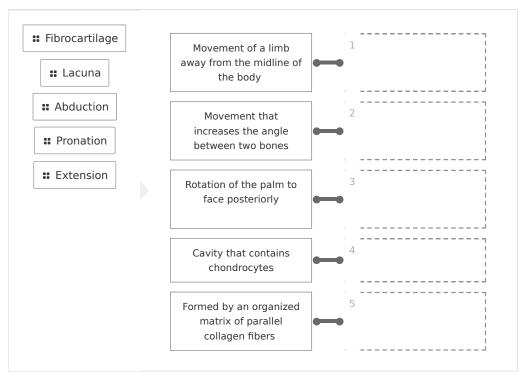
Institution Science Interactive University

Session SI A&P - Full Discipline Demo - Fetal Pig **Course** SI A&P - Full Discipline Demo - Fetal Pig

Instructor Sales SI Demo

Test Your Knowledge

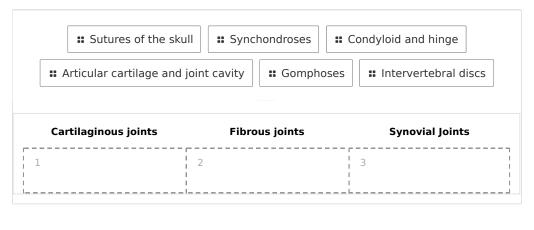
Match each term with the best description.



Correct answers:

- 1 Abduction 2 Extension 3 Pronation 4 Lacuna
- 5 Fibrocartilage

Classify each phrase as relating to cartilaginous, fibrous, or synovial joints.



Correct answers:

- Synchondroses Intervertebral discs
- Gomphoses Sutures of the skull
- Condyloid and hinge Articular cartilage and joint cavity

Exploration

All cartilage types are composed of	
chondrocytes	
lacunae	
an extracellular matrix	
All of the above	~
joints are held together by an interosseous membrane.	
 Cartilaginous 	
Syndesmosis	~
Synovial	
Symphysis	



bon	_ joints involve a round-shaped head of bone lying within a concave by surface.
	Ball and socket
	Gliding
	Hinge
	Pivot
Add	luction moves a limb toward the midline of the body.
	True 🗸
	False
Exercise How did hya similar and d	line cartilage and fibrocartilage tissues observed in this exercise appear both
lacunae suri	aline cartilage and fibrocartilage tissues contained chondrocytes located inside rounded by an extracellular matrix. The matrix of the hyaline cartilage appeared as a ssy gel. The matrix of the fibrocartilage appeared organized with parallel collagen
	e histology of each of the cartilage types observed in this exercise relate to ssues are found in the body?
Hyaline cart surfaces of repiphysial p high degree symphysis,	ilage has a glossy appearance and produces a resilient surface with minimal friction. ilage is the most abundant cartilage in the human body, surrounding the articulating most long bones, filling the junctions between the ribs and sternum, and forms the late in growing bones. The organized intracellular matrix of fibrocartilage can resist s of tension and compression. Fibrocartilage is found in intervertebral discs, the pubic menisci of knee joints, and the articulating surfaces of some long bones. The elastic extracellular matrix of elastic cartilage provides flexibility, cushion, and support.



Elastic cartilage is not found in joints but is restricted to the outer ear, epiglottis, and Eustachian tube.

Data Table 1: Microscopic Examination of Cartilage (SAMPLE ANSWER BELOW)

(0, 11 11 22 7 11 10 11 21 20 11)			
Structure	Magnification	Comments	
Hyaline Cartilage	600X	Students should only comment if they were unable to identify a structure.	
Elastic Cartilage	600X	Students should only comment if they were unable to identify a structure.	
Fibrocartilage	600X	Students should only comment if they were unable to identify a structure.	

Photo 1: Hyaline Cartilage (SAMPLE ANSWER BELOW)

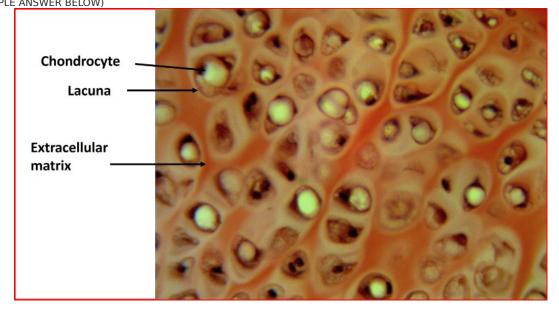


Photo 2: Elastic Cartilage 600x (SAMPLE ANSWER BELOW)

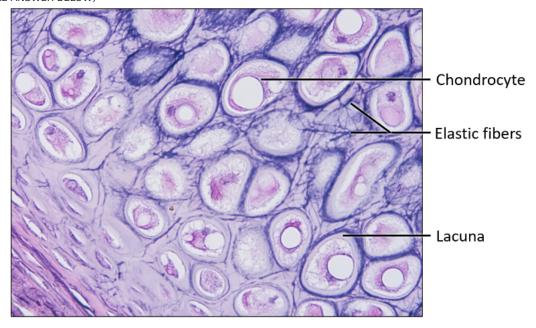
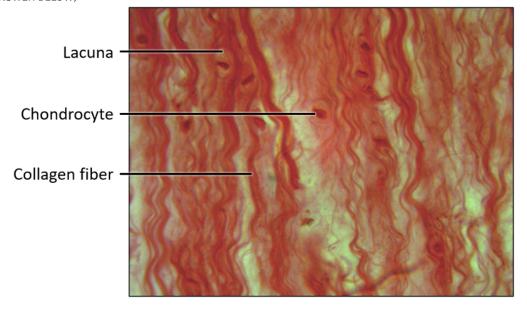


Photo 3: Fibrocartilage (SAMPLE ANSWER BELOW)



Exercise 2

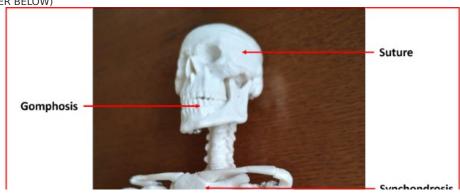
What were the primary locations of the synovial joints labeled on human skeleton model? How do these locations relate to the functions of these joints? Reference Photos 4-6 in your explanation.

Synovial joints were primarily associated with the limbs (arm and legs) of the human skeleton model as labeled in Photos 4-6. Synovial joints are freely moving articulations between bones which is necessary for the functionality of the arms, legs, hands, and feet.

Were cartilaginous or fibrous joints involved with any of the movements observed in Part 2 of this exercise? Describe the functions of cartilaginous and fibrous joints in your explanation.

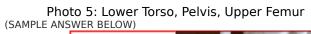
The symphysis (cartilaginous) joints of the vertebral discs allow for flexibility of the vertebral column which was necessary when throwing the frisbee or bending over to pick of the pencil. The syndesmosis (fibrous) joints between the radius and ulna and tibia and fibula allow for the lower arm and lower legs respectively to twist flex during each of the three movements simulated in Part 2.

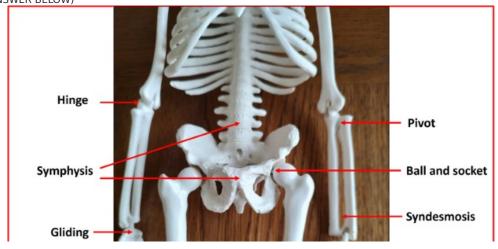
Photo 4: Skeleton Head and Rib Cage (SAMPLE ANSWER BELOW)





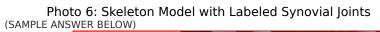


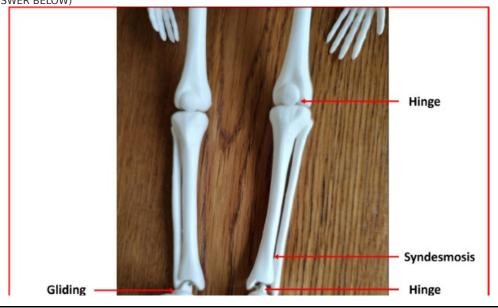














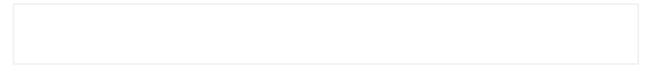


Data Table 2: Movements of the Body (SAMPLE ANSWER BELOW)

(SAMPLE ANSWER BELOW)				
	Jumping Jacks	Bending to Pick up a Pencil	Throwing a Frisbee	
Shoulder	Abduction followed by adduction	Protraction of one shoulder	Retraction of one shoulder	
Elbow	N/A	Extension of one elbow	Extension of one elbow	
Wrists	N/A	N/A	Flexion	
Hip	Abduction followed by adduction	N/A or Flexion	N/A	
Knee	Slight flexion	N/A or Flexion	N/A	
Ankles	N/A	Slight flexion	N/A	

Exercise 3

What is the function of the articular cartilage within the joint?



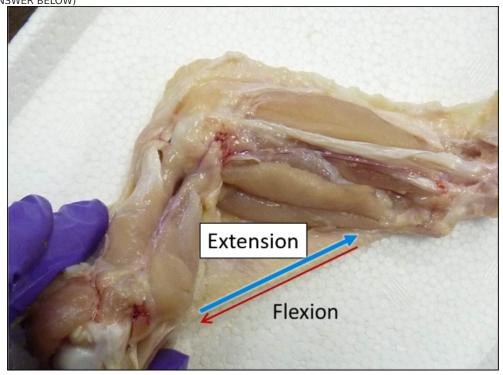


Articular cartilage protects the joint and prevents the bones from rubbing together.

What is the specific synovial joint type of the dissected chicken wing joint and what type of movement does it facilitate?

The dissected joint is a hinge type synovial joint which functions to allow flexion and extension while providing more support than a ball and socket type synovial joint.





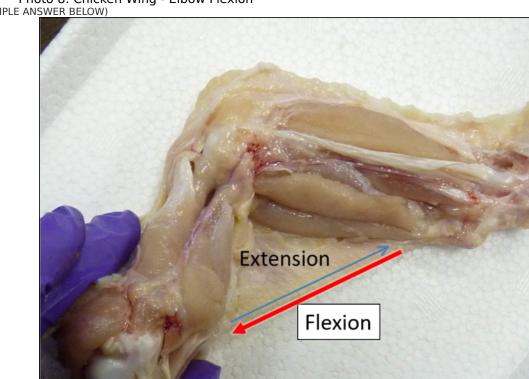




Photo 9: Chicken Wing - Articular Cartilage (SAMPLE ANSWER BELOW)

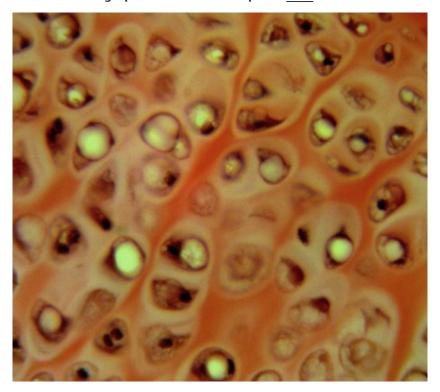


Competency Review All cartilage is composed of secretory cells called _____. chondrocytes lacunae matrix collagen Hyaline cartilage is the most abundant cartilage in the human body. True False are immobile joints between the teeth and their sockets in the mandible and maxillae. Sutures Syndesmoses Gomphoses Symphyses Synchondroses are immobile joints. True False



A joint is a type of synovial joint.		
hinge		
saddle		
gliding		
All of the above	~	
Inversion and eversion involve movements of the		
Inversion and eversion involve movements of the hands		
	~	
○ hands	~	
handsfeet	*	

The tissue in the micrograph below is an example of ____



- hyaline cartilage
- elastic cartilage
- fibrocartilage
- brown fat

A ____ joint is indicated by the arrow in the image of the skeleton model below.



· ·					
(ha	all a	and	SO	ck	cet

- fibrous
- condyloid
- hinge

Throwing a frisbee involves flexion of the elbow.

	ı	ru

False

Extension Questions

Osteoarthritis is a degenerative joint disease, in which the tissues in the joint break down over time. Apply your knowledge of joint structure and function to predict the effects/symptoms of someone suffering osteoarthritis of the knee joint. (SAMPLE ANSWER BELOW)

An individual suffering from the breakdown of tissues surrounding the knee joint would lose the cushioning function of the cartilage within the knee joint and most likely experience pain when walking. The knee joint is a hinge joint that flexes and extends the lower leg. Compromise to the joint would limit the range of motion.



